FACULTY OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

MASTER THESIS

THEME:

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BETWEEN KOSOVO-TURKEY

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ABSTRACT

In this study I will analyze the diplomatic relations between Kosovo and Turkey since 1980 until now. Also I will analyze the historical relations between Albania and Turkey from the XIV Century.

Research methodology is mixed type, quantitative and qualitative method through which I will respond to research questions for the evaluation of diplomatic relations between Kosovo and Turkey. For the collection of the data will be used questionnaires and diplomatic protocols between Kosovo and Turkey. Quantitative data will be analyzed by statistical methods by using the program for statistics meanwhile qualitative data will be analyzed by the inductive method.

The research will be done in the Republic of Kosovo respectively in the Embassy of Turkey in Kosovo, in historical museums in Kosovo and Turkey, in historical places in Kosovo, in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Kosovo, will be included historians and experts of diplomatic relations, students from the Faculty of Public Administration and Diplomacy.

Gender and age is based on the legislature of the employed in the above-mentioned places.

From data analysis I will analyze and evaluate that the diplomatic relations between Kosovo and Turkey since 1980 until today have helped in the changingof our views, significantlyimproving bilateral and multilateral relations between the two countries.
CONCLUSION

According to the author Naci Korea the Turkish state is lobbying and has contributed to the recognition of Kosovo, the Minister Selimi also confirms that Turkey is playing a key role in the recognition of Kosovo's independence. According to the author Haki Morina there is no harm between the relations of Kosovo and Turkey and these are just opportunities for bilateral development between the two countries and that they have no impact on Kosovo's membership. According to the author Cemil Cicek, Turkey have more than official relations, calling it brotherly. This is because the latter is derived from Prizren. According to the author Mahir Yağcilar, Kosovo should create adequate conditions for capital investment since the latter as the legal and infrastructure aspect lack to some extent and obstructs the capital investment. These relations derive from the start of the World War II, when Albania and Kosovo were in a situation like hell, evacuations of Albanians in Turkey, the integration in the Turkish society in all aspects. According to the authors, the Albanian people and Turkish people are the closest people in terms of economic, social and political relations especially in Turkey, where Albanians according to the authors are the most integrated into Turkish society. We can finally conclude that diplomatic relations between Kosovo and Turkey are at the peak of their development and probably will still work to be done to help the intensification of large investments which can have a positive impact of economic development between the countries, the region and beyond.